Methods

3. Data analysis and distribution

-From the ground data collected in the community, a geospatial

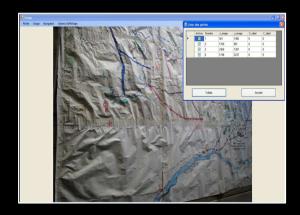
data base will be created,

-Paper maps will be conserved by digitalization process which includes adjustment of the photos,

-Final map provided on "Google Earth".







1. Geographical Data

The mental picture of the territory is represented by two maps:



- Ancient Map,
- New Map: A more realistic representation of the community's spatial location.





1. Geographical Data

Paper map conservation and processing



1. Geographical Data

Georeferenced sites:

- -30 Lakes -16 Affluents.
- -15 Indigenous tracks

(Min. 1 Salt Lick

Max. 3 Salt Licks)

Animal being and

Plants registered (observation, tracks survey)

-36 Agricultural sites nearby each of the 17 indigenous tracks visited







23/03/09

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2. Knowledge Integration

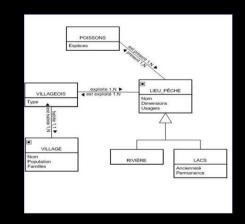
- Land delimitation: by tree marks and GPS territory boundaries. Georeferencing sites placed in a digital map,



- A new map based on an official map with a participatory legend Definition,
- Local knowledge represented in a conceptual data model.



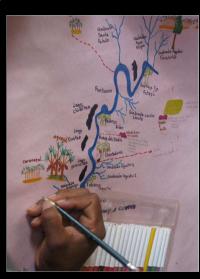




3. Community Participation

- Scouting groups
- Knowledge shared by using a questionnaire,
- Workshop sessions
 Knowledge
 transmission
 (elders youngsters),
- GPS courses







Nom du surveillant :
Questionnaire Nombre :
I. ENDROIT
Zone :
Code :
II. AIRES DE SUBSISTANCE
Noms des endroits où les gens vont pêcher :
1.1. Type endroit : Lac Fleuve
1.2. Dimensions :
1.3. Espèces de poissons :
1.4. Communautés qui l'utilisent :
1.5. Périodicité d'utilisation :
1.6. Techniques de pêche :

Discussion and Conclusion

 Creation of new useful information for the community and learning techniques of mapping,

- Neighborhood communities are interested in getting started with the same kind of process in San Martin
 - Empowerment,
- Community reflection about the protection of natural resources. New alternatives (Fish farming).

Discussion and Conclusion

• Descriptive inventory of natural resources, help to promote a viable and sustainable management of their environment.

• The community is still working on the project by monthly field work (GPS survey).

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Video

San Martin 2009 Ingles.avi